Airport Engineering Objective Questions and Answers Pdf

1. Calm period is the percentage of time during which wind intensity is less than
a. 4.8 kmph
b. 6.4 kmph
c. 8.0 kmph
d. 9.6 kmph
Ans: B
2. According to ICAO, all markings on the runways are
a. yellow
b. white
c. black
d. red
Ans: B
3. Runway threshold is indicated by a series of parallel lines starting from a distance of
a. 3 m from runway end
b. 6 m from runway end
c. 10 m from runway end
d. 15 m from runway end
Ans: B
4. In Instrumental landing system, the middle markers are
a. along the extended centre line of runway end
b. about 1 km, ahead of the runway threshold
c. at the runway threshold
d. about 7 km, ahead of the runway threshold
Ans; B

5. For supersonic transport aircraft, the minimum turning radius of taxiway is
a. 60 m
<u>b. 120 m</u>
<u>c. 180 m</u>
<u>d. 240 m</u>
Ans: C
6. Which of the following is an example of failure in flexible pavements?
a. Alligator cracking
b. Mud pumping
c. Warping cracks
d. Shrinkage cracks
Ans: A
7. Which of the following is used for servicing and repairs of the aircraft?
a. Apron
b. Hanger
c. Terminal building
d. holding apron
Ans: B
8. Maximum gross take-off weight of an aircraft is
a. equal to the maximum structural landing weight
b. less than the maximum structural landing weight
c. more than the maximum structural landing weight
d. equal to the empty operating weight plus the payload
Ans: C
9. Castor angle is defined as the angle

- a. formed by the longitudinal axis of the aircraft and the direction of movement of the nose gear
- b. between the direction of wind and the longitudinal axis of the runway
- c. between the true speed of the aircraft and the crosswind component
- d. between the horizontal and the fuselage axis

Ans: A

- 10.. Wright brothers flew the first power driven plane in
 - A. <u>1853</u>
 - B. <u>1873</u>
 - C. <u>1903</u>
 - D. <u>1933</u>
 - Ans: C