Boats and Streams Questions and Answers for Bank Exams Pdf

- 1. A man can row upstream at 7 kmph and downstream at 10 kmph. Find man's rate in still water and the rate of current.
- a. 1.5 km/hr
- b. 1.8 km/hr
- c. 2.1 km/hr
- d. 2.7 km/hr

Ans: A

Rate in still water =
$$\frac{1}{2}(10+7) \text{ km/hr} = 8.5 \text{ km/hr}$$
.
Rate of current = $\frac{1}{2}(10-7) \text{ km/hr} = 1.5 \text{ km/hr}$.

2. There is a road beside a river. Two friends started from a place A, moved to a temple situated at another place B and then returned to A again. One of them moves on a cycle at a speed of 12 km/hr, while the other sails on a boat at a speed of 10 km/hr. If the river flows at the speed of 4 km/hr, which of the two friends will return to place A first?

Clearly, the cyclist moves both ways at a speed of 12 km/hr.

So, average speed of the cyclist = 12 km/hr.

The boat sailor moves downstream @ (10 + 4) i.c., 14 km/hr and upstream (10 - 4) i.e., 6 km/hr.

So, average speed of the boat sailor =
$$\left(\frac{2 \times 14 \times 6}{14 + 6}\right) \text{ km/hr}$$

= $\frac{42}{5} \text{ km/hr} = 8.4 \text{ km/hr}$.

Since the average speed of the cyclist is greater, he will return to A first.

- 3. The speed of a boat when travelling downstream is 32 km/hr, whereas when travelling upstream it is 28 km/hr, what is the speed of the boat in still water and at the speed of the stream?
 - a. 2 km/hr
 - b. 3 km/hr

- c. 4 km/hr
- d. 5 km/hr

Ans: A

. Speed of boat in still water =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
(32 + 28) km/hr = 30 km/hr.

Speed of stream =
$$\frac{1}{2}(32 - 28) \,\text{km/hr} = 2 \,\text{km/hr}$$
.

- 4. A Boat goes 8 km in one hour along the stream and 2 km in one hour against the stream. The speed in km/hr of the stream is
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5

Ans: B

Speed of the stream =
$$\frac{1}{2}(8-2) \,\text{km/hr} = 3 \,\text{km/hr}$$
.

- 5. A boatman rows 1 km in 5 minutes, along the stream and 6 km in 1 hour against the stream. The speed of the stream is
- a. 3 kmph
- b. 6 kmph
- c. 10 kmph
- d. 12 kmph

Ans: A

Rate downstream =
$$\left(\frac{1}{5} \times 60\right)$$
kmph = 12 kmph;

Rate upstream = 6 kmph.

Speed of the stream =
$$\frac{1}{2}(12-6)$$
 kmph = 3 kmph.