## **Chemical Engineering Stoichiometry Quiz Questions**

1.	Disappearance of now in subzero weather exemplifies the process of
	a. evaporation
	b. sublimation
	c. vaporisation
	d. melting
	Ans: B
2.	1 bar is almost equal to atmosphere.
	a. 1
	b. 10
	c. 100
	d. 1000
	Ans: A
3.	In material and energy balance, which of the following may not be considered?
	a. Production
	b. Rejects
	c. Raw materials
	d. Cost
	Ans: D
4.	The percentage ratio of the partial pressure of the vapor to the vapor pressure of the liquid
	at the existing temperature is
	a. termed as relative saturation
	b. not a function of the composition of gas mixture
	c. called percentage saturation
	d. not a function of the nature of vapor
	Ans: A
5.	The reverse process of fractional crystallization is called
	a. stripping
	b. leaching
	c. differential distillation
	d. absorption
	Ans: B
6.	One micron is equal to cm.
	a. 10 <sup>-2</sup>
	b. 10 <sup>-4</sup>
	c. 10 <sup>-6</sup>
	d. 10 <sup>-8</sup>
	Ans: B
7.	The molecules of a liquid which is in equilibrium with its vapor at its boiling point on an
	average have equal in the two phases.
	a. potential energy
	b. intermolecular forces

- c. kinetic energy
- d. total energy

Ans: C

- 8. No cooling occurs, when an ideal gas undergoes unrestrained expansion, because the molecules
  - a. collide without loss of energy
  - b. do work equal to loss in kinetic energy
  - c. are above the inversion temperature
  - d. exert no attractive force on each other

Ans: C

- 9. With rise in pressure, the solubility of gases in solvent, at a fixed temperature
  - a. Increases
  - b. Decreases
  - c. Remains unchanged
  - d. Decreases linearly

Ans: A

- 10. Kopp's rule is helpful in finding the
  - a. heat capacities of solids
  - b. heat capacities of gases
  - c. molal heat capacities of gases
  - d. activation energy

As: A