Digital Electronics Quiz Questions and Answers Pdf

Question: 1

A working diode must have

- (A) Low resistance when forward or reverse biased
- (B) High resistance when forward biased, while low resistance when reverse bias
- (C) Low resistance when forward biased, while high resistance when reverse bias
- (D) High resistance when forward or reverse biased

View Answer

Ans: C

Low resistance when forward biased, while high resistance when reverse bias

Question: 2

A Semiconductor has a

- (A) Constant Temperature coefficient of resistance
- (B) Positive Temperature coefficient of resistance
- (C) Negative Temperature coefficient of resistance
- (D) None of the above

View Answer

Ans: C

Negative Temperature coefficient of resistance

Question: 3

Which of the following parameters is used for distinguishing between a small signal and a large signal amplifier?

(A) Input/Output impedances

(B) Voltage gain

(C) Frequency response

(D) Harmonic distortion

View Answer

Ans: A

Input/Output impedances

Question: 4

Negative feedback enhances all performance parameters of an amplifier except its

(A) Noise figure

(B) Input impedance

(C) Gain

(D) 3 dB noise

View Answer

Ans: C

Gain

Question: 5

FET is advantageous in comparison with BJT because of

(A) High noise immunity

(B) Its current controlled behaviour

(C) High gain bandwidth product

(D) High input impedance

View Answer

Ans: D

High input impedance

Question: 6

In a JFET, at pinch-off voltage applied on the gate

- (A) The drain current becomes almost zero
- (B) The drain current is almost at saturation value
- (C) The drain to source voltage is close to zero volts
- (D) The drain current begins to decrease

View Answer

Ans: B

The drain current is almost at saturation value

Question: 7

The main characteristics of a Darlington amplifier are

- (A) Low input impedance, low output impedance and high current gain
- (B) High input impedance, high output impedance and high current gain
- (C) Low input impedance, low output impedance and low current gain
- (D) High input impedance, low output impedance and high current gain

<u>View Answer</u>

Ans: D

High input impedance, low output impedance and high current gain

Question: 8

Most of linear ICs are based on the two transistor differential amplifier because of its

(A) Input voltage dependent linear transfer characteristic

(B) High input resistance

(C) High voltage gain

(D) High CMMR

View Answer

Ans: D

High CMMR

Question: 9

Silicon and Germanium are _____ electrons.

- (A) Tetravalant
- (B) Hexavalant
- (C) Pentavalant
- (D) Trivalant

View Answer

Ans: A

Tetravalant

Question: 10

A self bias circuit stabilizes the _____ circuit against variations in temperature and process parameters.

- (A) Base emitter voltage
- (B) Base current
- (C) Current gain
- (D) Collector current

View Answer

Ans: D

Collector current

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