

Electrical Power Plant Engineering Quiz Questions Pdf

1. The draught which a chimney produces is called
- a. induced draught
 - b, natural draught
 - c. forced draught
 - d. balanced draught

Ans: B

2. The draught in locomotive boilers is produced by
- a. forced fan
 - b., chimney
 - c. steam jet
 - d. only motion of locomotive

Ans: C

3. For the induced draught the fan is located
- a. near bottom of chimney
 - b. near bottom of furnace
 - c. at the top of the chimney
 - d. anywhere permissible

Ans: A

4. The pressure at the furnace is minimum in case of
- a. forced draught system
 - b., induced draught system
 - c. balanced draught system
 - d. natural draught system

Ans: C

5. De-Laval turbine is
- a. pressure compounded impulse turbine
 - b. velocity compound impulse turbine
 - c. simple single wheel impulse turbine
 - d. simple single wheel reaction turbine

Ans: C

6. The pressure on the two sides of the impulse wheel of a steam turbine
- a. is same
 - b. is different
 - c. increase from one side to the other side
 - d. decreases from one side to the other side

Ans: A

7. Curtis turbine is
- a. reaction steam turbine
 - b. pressure velocity compounded steam turbine
 - c. pressure compounded impulse steam turbine
 - d. velocity compounded impulse steam turbine

Ans: B

7. Rateau steam turbine is

- a. reaction steam turbine
- b. velocity compounded impulse steam turbine
- c. pressure compounded impulse steam turbine
- d. pressure velocity compounded steam turbine

Ans: C

8. In jet type condensers

- a. cooling water passes through tubes and steam surrounds them
- b. steam passes through tubes and cooling water surrounds them
- c. steam and cooling water mix
- d. steam and cooling water do not mix

Ans: C

9. In a surface condenser if air is removed there is

- a. fall in absolute pressure maintained in condenser
- b. rise in absolute pressure maintained in condenser
- c. no change in absolute pressure in the condenser
- d. rise in temperature of condensed steam

Ans: A

10. Edward's air pump

- a. remove air and also vapour from condenser
- b. removes only air from condenser
- c. removes only un-condensed vapour from condenser
- d. removes air along with vapour and also the condensed water from condenser

Ans: D