Metallurgical Engineering Iron Making & Steel Making Objective Questions

- Blast furnace slag is mainly molten 1.
 - a. Sand
 - Magnesium silicate b.
 - Calcium silicate C.
 - d. Iron pyrite

Ans: C

- 2. Blast furnace coke should contain a maximum of 2% of
 - Volatile matter a.
 - Phosphorous b.
 - C. Ash
 - d. Sulphur

Ans: A



- Gaseous fuel consumption in stoves b.
- Sensible heat loss from blast furnace gas C.
- Coke dust losses in outgoing B.F. gas d.

Ans: A

- Permanent lining in L.D. converters is of _____ bricks. 4.
 - Tar dolomite a.
 - Magnesite b.
 - Fireclay C.
 - d. Silica

As: B

- 5. Ingot mould is coated with tar to
 - a. Avoid the sticking of ingot to the mould.
 - b. Accelerate the rate of solidification

- c. Produce killed steel
- d. Accelerate deoxidation of steel

Ans: A

- 6. In steel making processes, the ratio of phosphorous content in slag to that in metal of the slag.
 - a. Is called dephosphorising index
 - b. Has a higher value for higher basicity
 - c. Has a higher value for higher oxidising power
 - d. All a, b and c

Ans: D

- 7. Which of the following is not used as a deoxidiser in steel making?
 - a. Nickel
 - b. Silicon

c. Aluminium d. Manganese Ans: A

- 8. Which of the following alloying elements, when added to pslain carbon steel, increases its corrosion/oxidation resistance?
 - a. Chromium
 - b. Cobalt
 - c. Molybdenum
 - d. Tungsten

Ans: A

- 9. Which of the following is a demerit of electric arc steel making?
 - a. Higher temperature cannot be attained
 - b. Its capacity is low compared to other processes
 - c. It cannot remove sulphur and phosphorous
 - d. All types of steel cannot be made by this process

Ans B

- 10. In electric arc process of steel making, use of oxygen helps in accelerating the rate of
 - a. Carbon removal
 - b. Sulphur removal
 - c. Slag oxidation
 - d. Coke combustion

Ans: A

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